

## Update for Boat Owners: Ethanol Blended Fuels for Use in Marine Equipment

Today, ethanol can be found in nearly all of the nation's gasoline and is being utilized in all engine types, including marine engines. Across the entire country, engine owner's successfully utilize ethanol blended fuels year round, across all octane grades, proving that ethanol blended fuels can be used successfully in marine applications. E10 is interchangeable with gasoline and virtually every gallon of gasoline sold in the U.S. today contains a percentage of ethanol up to 10%. As ethanol has entered new markets, some marine equipment owners and operators have raised questions about ethanol use in their equipment. This bulletin is meant to provide information about successful operation of marine equipment using E10 and provide information on the recent E15 (15% ethanol, 85% gasoline) approval by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for use in automobiles model year 2001 and newer.



In October 2010 and January 2011, EPA announced the limited approval of E15 for strict use - in gasoline powered automobiles only. The approval came after years of research on the safe and effective use of this fuel in varying model year cars and trucks. This approval is strictly limited to use in automobiles manufactured in model year 2001 and newer, and was NOT approved for any other engine use. EPA's E15 approval is not a mandate for use: it provides an opportunity

for retailers to offer their automobile consumers an additional fuel choice. Until fuel blends containing more than 10% ethanol have been tested and approved for use in marine engines, watercraft and boat owners should *not* use these fuel blends.

Since marine equipment operate and are often stored in a wet environment, engine and fuel system design and operations must preclude any water or moisture introduction to the fuel system. Marine fuel systems are robust in nature; however the fuel system may not be conducive to a visual inspection or identification of any environmental influences that may have resulted in a poor fuel quality condition. All but the latest watercraft models have fuel systems vented to the atmosphere which may require extra precaution.

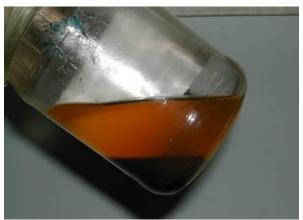
Boat owners know that following proper storage guidelines and a recommended maintenance schedule will ensure the boat is kept in proper operating condition. Additionally, the following tips should prove helpful for a boating season using E10:



- Follow the engine manufacturer's fuel use recommendations. Today, manufacturers use upgraded materials that are largely unaffected by properly formulated ethanol blends. This is evidenced by their fuel recommendation comments which permit the use of such fuels in their equipment marketed in the U.S.
- Confirm that fuel storage recommendations have been followed. Some boat manufacturers recommend storing the fuel tank full (90-95% to allow room for expansion) and/ or recommend the use of a fuel stabilizing additive if the watercraft will be idle for a long period of time. Fuels of any composition can weather or deteriorate in storage.

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- Keep the engine in acceptable operating condition by following the maintenance schedule as recommended by the manufacturer. Simple maintenance programs include the changing of the spark plugs, spark plug wires, fuel filter and any water separating filters.
- Utilize fuel system treatment and additives as recommended. Fuel additives can help maintain fuel quality and fuel system cleanliness and engine operating conditions in many cases. Fuel system cleaners help to remove engine deposits, such as tars and gums, left behind from many years of operating on gasoline. Because of ethanol's solvency effect, extra fuel filters and the tools needed to change the filters may be needed to collect the gasoline deposits, once the equipment first begins operating on ethanol-blended fuels.



Investigate that the fuel system does not contain any water. If excessive moisture is absorbed, the ethanol and water can go into phase separation. Phase separation is the physical separation of the gasoline and the mixed ethanol and water. If an excessive amount of water is introduced to a blend of E10 or higher, the ethanol and water will mix, separating from the gasoline and sinking to the bottom of the tank. Aside from the fact that the engine would not operate on this ethanol/water blend, it can also cause corrosion of various metals with which it comes in contact. The potential for phase separation, however, must be put in perspective. It would take almost four teaspoons of water per gallon to phase separate a

gasoline-ethanol blend. This is an incredibly large amount of water to be accidentally introduced into the system. To absorb this much moisture from the atmosphere (at a relative humidity of 70%) would take hundreds of days even if the gasoline cap was left off.

*Note: It's important to know that phase separated fuel is impossible to correct without sophisticated engineering equipment. The phase separated material should be handled as hazardous waste and properly disposed.* 

To ensure that water is not introduced into the system, use a gasoline tank cap that seals properly and fill the tank before extended storage periods (note that some manufacturers recommend draining of the fuel tank and system before storage).

In rare instances, older marine and two stroke outboard engines and fuel systems have experienced incompatibility with ethanol-blended fuels, resulting in system failures. One way to avoid this situation is to know your equipment and follow the engine manufacturer's recommendations. Special concern pertains to older, in-hull fiberglass tanks. The polyester resins used in the fiberglass of older watercraft (generally prior to 1991) may not be compatible with ethanol blends. Check with the local marina if the possibility exists to retrofit or re-line the fuel tank of concern. Additionally, state regulating agencies may have fuel composition information available for your area.

More information on ethanol blended fuels is available at <u>www.EthanolRFA.org</u>.

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