

# **The U.S. Ethanol Experience: A Brief History**

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President and CEO**

**Global Ethanol Summit  
October 20, 2025**

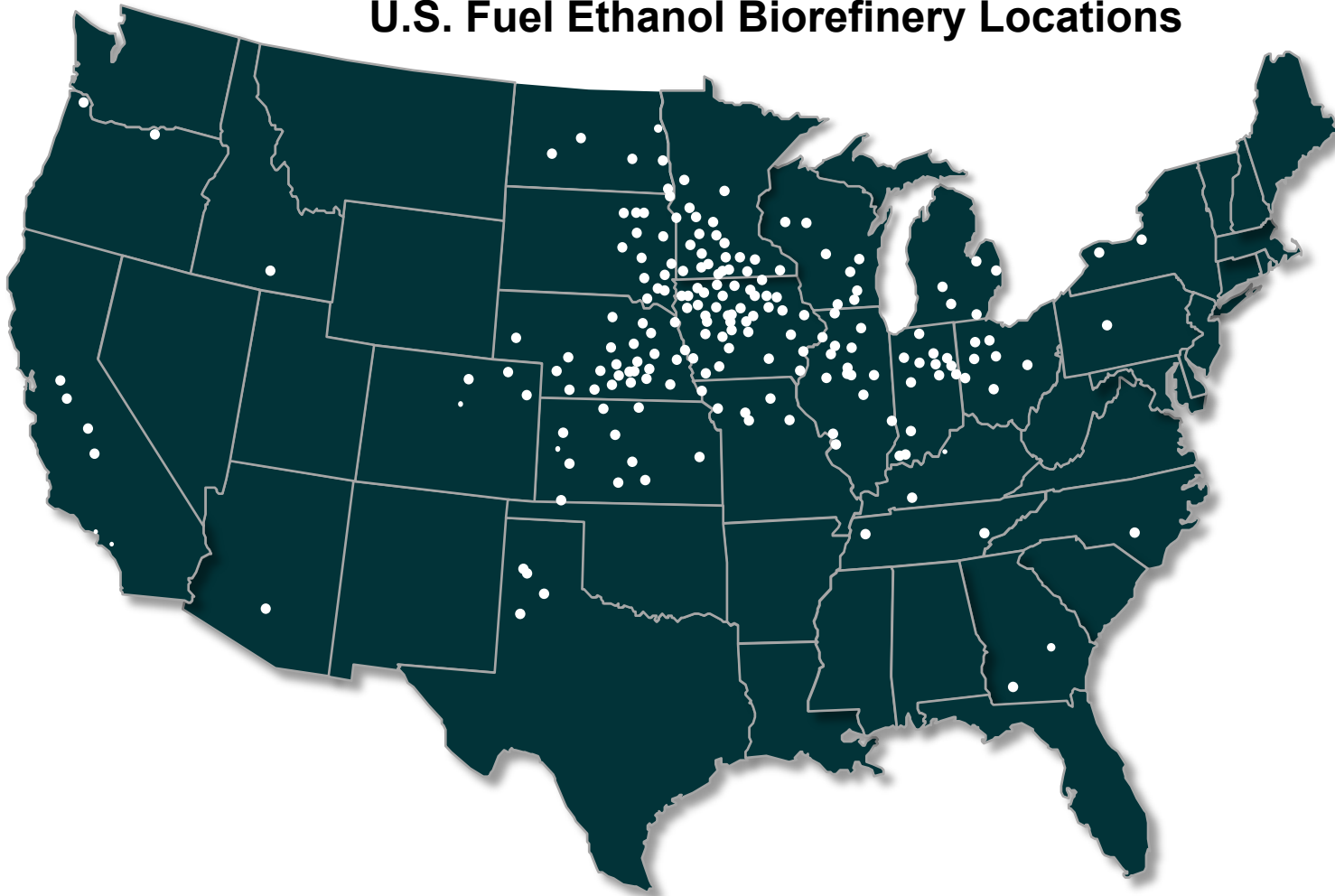
# About the Renewable Fuels Association (RFA)

- “The Voice of the Ethanol Industry”
- Trade association representing **U.S. ethanol producers**, vendors, suppliers, service providers, and other market participants.
- **Mission:** “Drive growth in sustainable renewable fuels and bioproducts for a better future.”
- Founded in **1981**.
- Work with all aspects of the supply chain on **policy, regulatory, technical, public awareness**, and **market development** issues.
- Offices in St. Louis, MO & Washington, DC



# Today's U.S. Ethanol Industry

## U.S. Fuel Ethanol Biorefinery Locations



- **199** biorefineries in **24** states
- **18.3 billion gallons** of annual production capacity
- Proven sustained operating rate of **17.1 billion gallons annualized\***
- Nationwide storage and distribution infrastructure

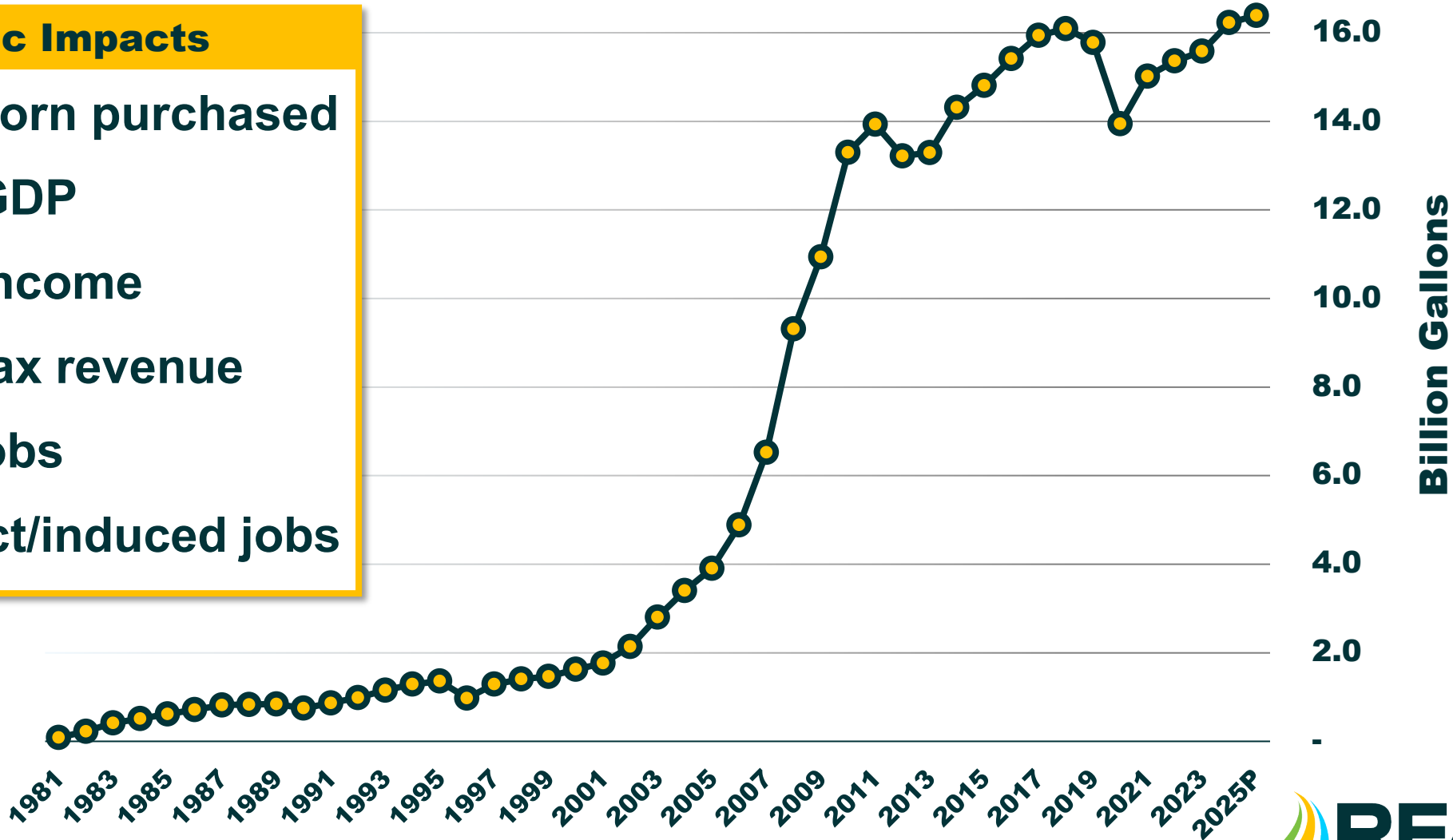
\*November 2024

# U.S. Ethanol Production

**2025P**  
**16.4**

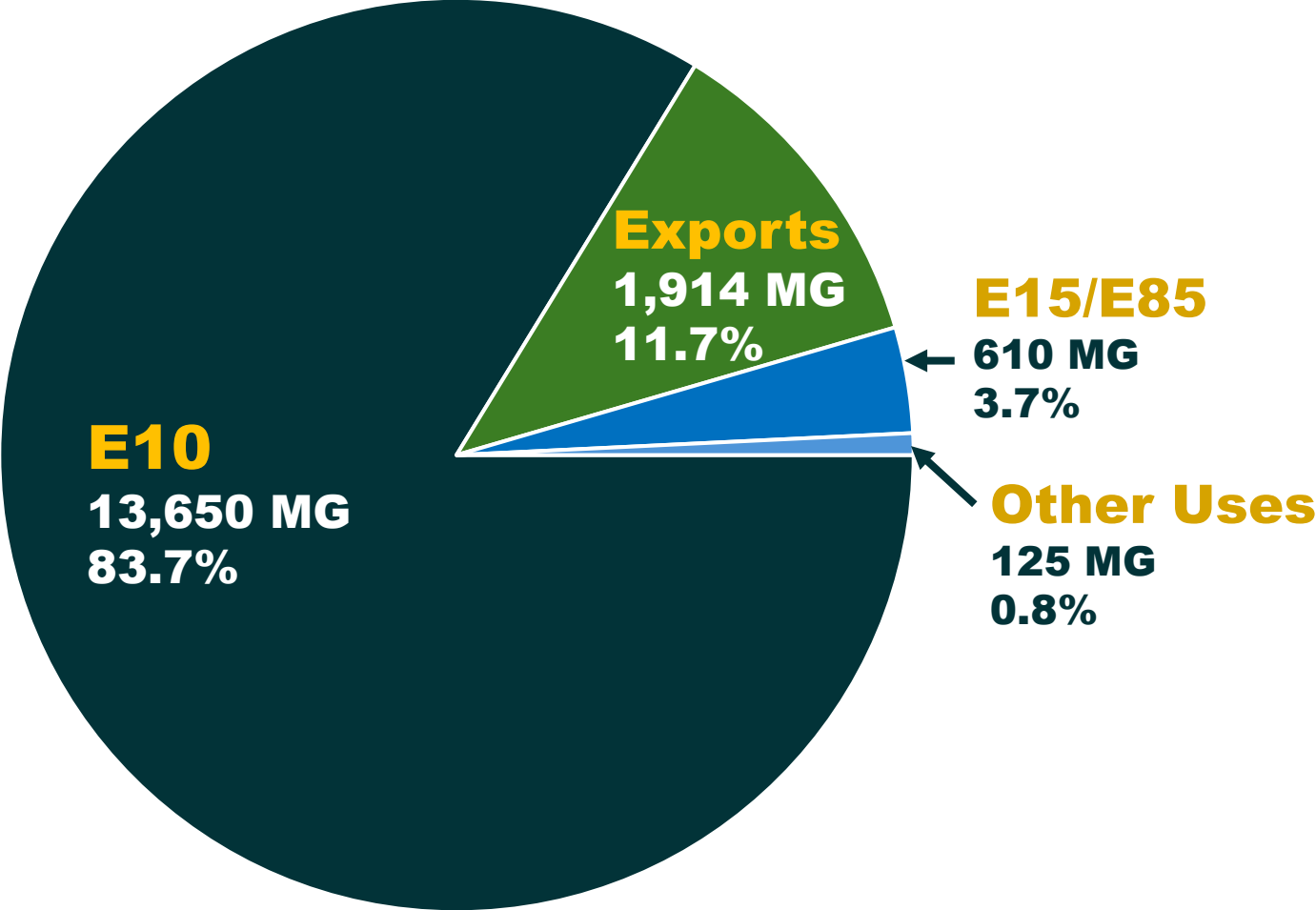
### 2024 Economic Impacts

- **\$23 billion** in corn purchased
- **\$53 billion** in GDP
- **\$28 billion** in income
- **\$10 billion** in tax revenue
- **55,810** direct jobs
- **258,089** indirect/induced jobs



# How is U.S. ethanol used?

U.S. Ethanol Demand, 2024

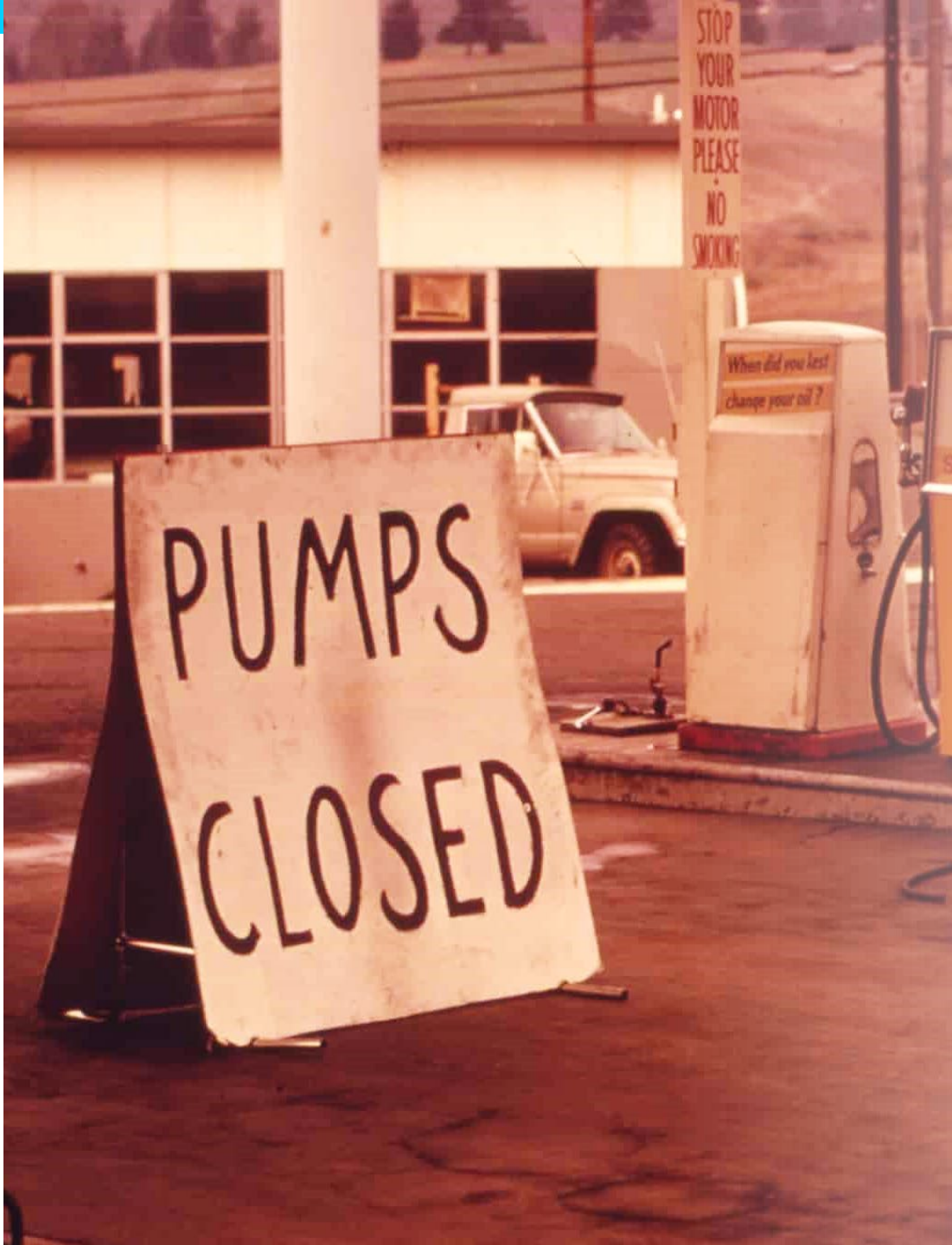


A close-up photograph of a hand with the index finger pointing towards the right, resting on a colorful, textured surface that resembles a map or a globe. The background is blurred, focusing attention on the hand and the surface it's touching.

# How did we get here?

- Adoption of **smart public policy** focused on solving problems
- **Technology innovation and continuous improvement**
- **Ethanol is a great product!**
  - Reduces GHGs by 50%+
  - Reduces tailpipe pollutants
  - Lowest-cost liquid fuel available
  - High octane rating

# 1970s and early 1980s

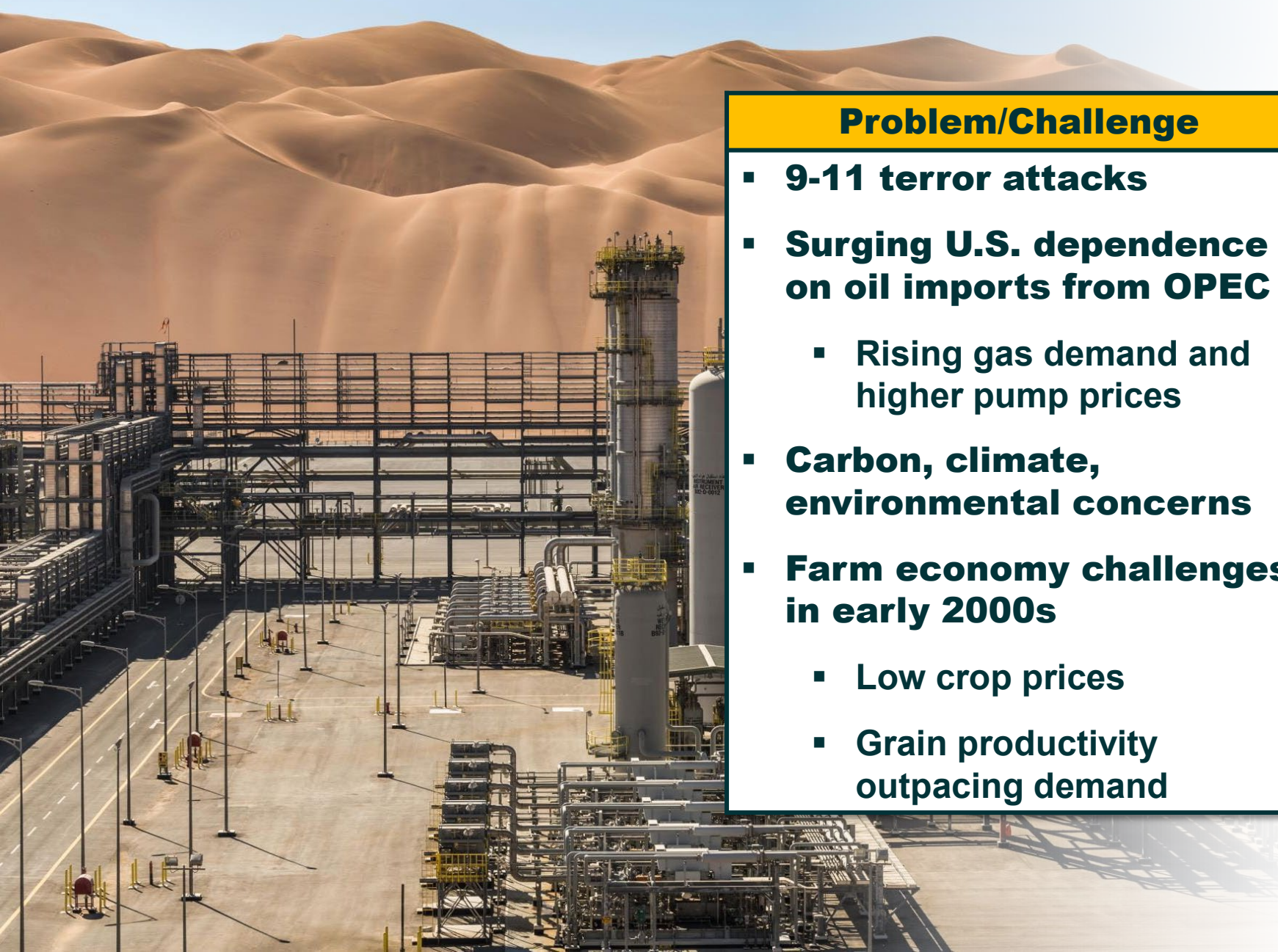


Problem/Challenge	Policy Responses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>U.S. energy crisis</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Oil import reliance</li><li>▪ Arab oil embargo</li><li>▪ Gas shortages and rationing</li></ul></li><li>▪ <b>Russian grain embargo</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Lost markets for U.S. farmers</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>“Gasohol” waiver</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Allowed E10</li></ul></li><li>▪ <b>Tax credit for blending ethanol</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Offsetting ethanol tariff</li></ul></li><li>▪ <b>Government loans for farm-scale ethanol facilities</b></li></ul>

# Mid-1980s through 1990s

Problem/Challenge	Policy Responses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>Smog/air quality crisis</b></li><li>▪ <b>Oil supply glut</b></li><li>▪ <b>Farm crisis</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ High interest rates</li><li>▪ Bankruptcies and foreclosures</li><li>▪ Massive grain surplus</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>Clean Air Amendments of 1990</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Oxy fuels</li><li>▪ Reformulated gas</li></ul></li><li>▪ <b>Expanded tax credit for blending ethanol</b></li><li>▪ <b>State policies</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Small producer payments, etc.</li></ul></li></ul>

# 2000s



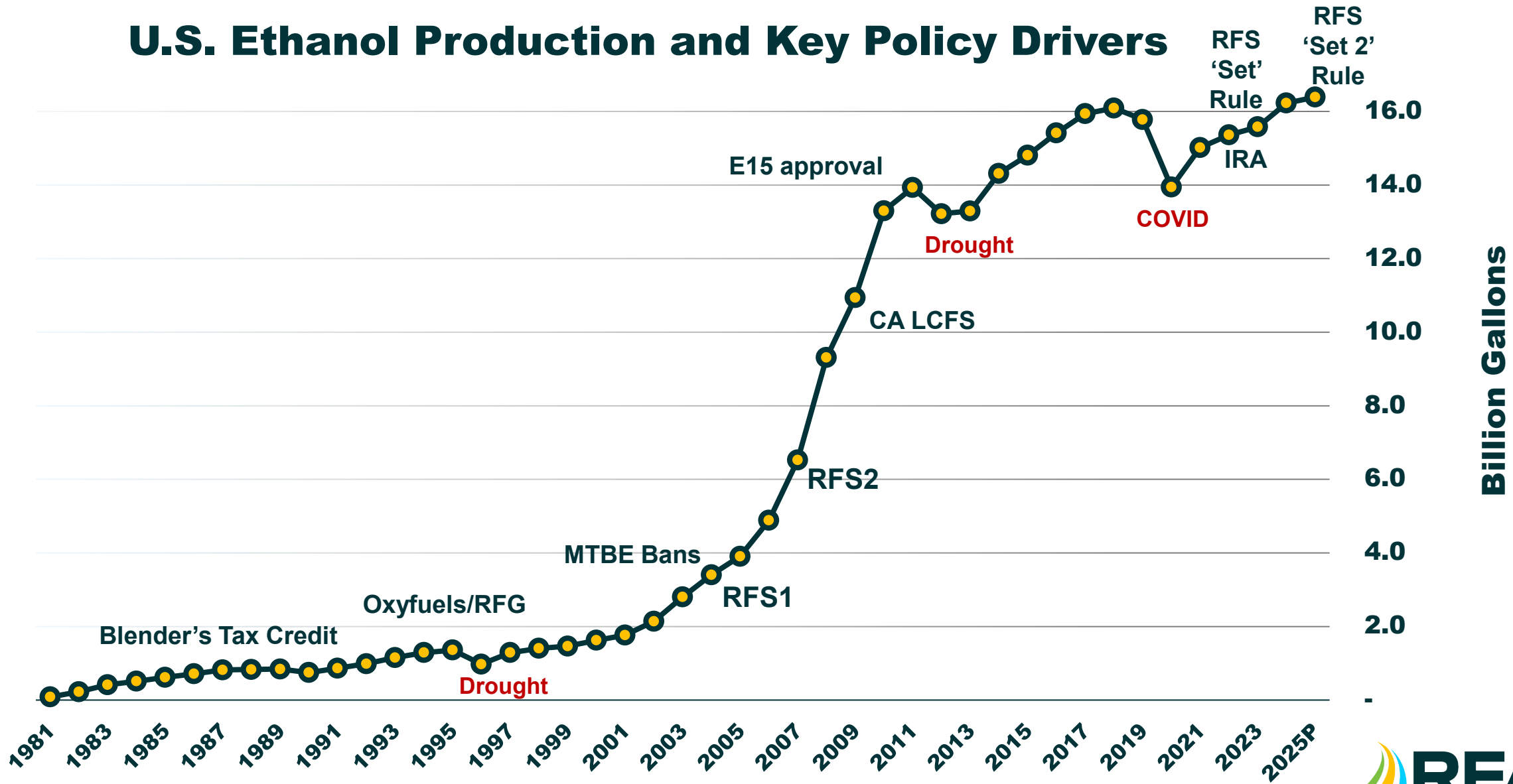
Problem/Challenge	Policy Responses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>9-11 terror attacks</b></li><li>▪ <b>Surging U.S. dependence on oil imports from OPEC</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Rising gas demand and higher pump prices</li></ul></li><li>▪ <b>Carbon, climate, environmental concerns</b></li><li>▪ <b>Farm economy challenges in early 2000s</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Low crop prices</li><li>▪ Grain productivity outpacing demand</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>State MTBE bans</b></li><li>▪ <b>2005 RFS1</b></li><li>▪ <b>2007 RFS2</b></li><li>▪ <b>FFV credits for fuel economy rules</b></li><li>▪ <b>Extended tax credit for blending ethanol</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Expired 2011</li></ul></li><li>▪ <b>State LCFS</b></li><li>▪ <b>E15 Approval</b></li></ul>

# 2020s



Problem/Challenge	Policy Responses
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>Carbon, climate, environmental concerns</b></li><li>▪ <b>Energy prices/inflation</b></li><li>▪ <b>Energy security</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Increased geopolitical tensions</li><li>▪ Trade disputes</li></ul></li><li>▪ <b>Farm economy challenges</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Grain supply growth outpacing demand</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ <b>Clean fuel/low-carbon tax credits (IRA)</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ 40B (SAF)</li><li>▪ 45Z (clean fuels)</li><li>▪ 45Q (CCUS)</li></ul></li><li>▪ <b>SAF Grand Challenge</b></li><li>▪ <b>Post-2022 RFS</b></li><li>▪ <b>Securing year-round E15 availability</b></li></ul>

# U.S. Ethanol Production and Key Policy Drivers



# Future Opportunities for U.S. Ethanol

- **E15 expansion**
  - Need legislation allowing nationwide, year-round sales of E15
- **Carbon capture/utilization and storage**
  - Driven by low-carbon fuel requirements; enabled by 45Z and 45Q tax credits
  - Provides pathway to net-zero carbon ethanol
- **Alcohol-to-jet fuel (SAF)** – *Aviation fuel is a 90 BGY market worldwide*
- **Clean maritime fuel** – *Marine fuel is a 70-80 BGY market worldwide*
  - Driven by IMO Net-Zero framework
- **Mid-level ethanol blends (E20-E30) for light-duty vehicles**
  - Durable, long-term policy needed
- **Green ethylene and other renewable chemicals**

# Ethanol: Providing Solutions

Throughout the global ethanol industry's history, our biggest policy wins and successes have come when we join forces to **position ethanol and agriculture as a solution to important societal challenges.**

# Thank You!

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